

# Human Interleukin 4 (IL-4) Protein, Recombinant

## I. For sale

Product name	Catalog #	Size
Human Interleukin 4 (IL-4) Protein, Recombinant	P01l0007	10ug
		50ug
		500ug
		1mg

## **II. Product Description**

ii. Floudet Desc			
Other Names	BSF1; IL-4; BCGF1; BSF-1; BCGF-1		
Protein & NCBI Number	P05112, NM_000589.4		
Host	E.coli		
Express Region	Met1-Ser153		
Protein Sequence	MGLTSQLLPPLFFLLACAGNFVHGHKCDITLQEIIKTLNSLTEQ KTLCTELTVTDIFAASKNTTEKETFCRAATVLRQFYSHHEKDTRCLGATAQQFHRHKQ LIRFLKRLDRNLWGLAGLNSCPVKEANQSTLENFLERLKTIMREKYSKCSS		
Molecular Weight	The protein consists of 153 amino acids (including the fusion tag), with a predicted molecular weight of 31.8kDa, which matches the actual molecular weight.		
Fusion Tag	6×His-SUMO (N-terminus)		
Purity	≥90% SDS-PAGE		
Physical Property	Liquid		
Components	0.01M PBS+20% glycerol, sterile solution		
Storage & Stability	After aliquoting, the stability of the samples can be maintained for up to 6 months at -20°C to -80°C, avoiding repeated freeze-thaw cycles.		
Applications	Antibody preparation, immunoassay (ELISA, WB), subcellular localization and interaction protein identification, etc.		
Lead Time	5 to 10 business days; 2 to 3 days for stock products		
Figure. SDS-PAGE	41kDa 30kDa 22kDa  — 31.8kDa		
	Bis-Tris (MOPS) SDS-PAGE		



#### **III. Storage and Transportation**

Transport at 2-8  $^{\circ}$ C, product is stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt under sterile conditions at -20  $^{\circ}$ C to -80  $^{\circ}$ C.

#### IV. Notes

This product is for research use only. Please wear laboratory attire and disposable gloves when handling.

### V. Background

IL-4 is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by activated T cells. It undergoes N glycosylation sites and different degrees of glycosylation under different conditions. The precursor of IL-4 is 153 peptide, and the mature IL-4 is 129 peptide after removing the signal peptide. The biological effects of IL-4 are mediated by binding to the IL-4 receptor (IL-4R). The Interleukin 4 receptor also binds to IL13, which may result in many overlapping functions of this cytokine and IL-13. STAT6 is a signal transduction and transcriptional activator that has been shown to play a central role in mediating immunomodulatory signaling of this cytokine.

IL-4 is considered to be an important cytokine for tissue repair, counteracting the effects of type 1 proinflammatory cytokines; however, it also promotes allergic airway inflammation. In addition, IL-4, as a characteristic cytokine of Th2 cells, plays a role in promoting the occurrence and development of inflammatory responses characterized by Th2, mediating and regulating a variety of human host responses, such as allergy, anti-parasite, wound healing, and acute inflammation. II-4 significantly upregates THE CXC chemokine receptor on THE surface of CD4+T cells to mediate the inflammatory response, which may be mediated by cAMP or cGMP signal transduction pathways.

IL-4 has been reported to promote the regression of neutrophil-mediated acute lung injury.In allergic reactions, IL-4 plays an important role in the production of allergen-specific immunoglobulin IgE. An increase in this pro-inflammatory cytokine has been observed in PATIENTS with COVID-19, but is not necessarily associated with severe COVID-19 pathology.Two variable-splice transcripts of this gene encoding different isoforms have been reported.

#### VI. References

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- 3. 胡洪慧,王凤山,凌沛学.白细胞介素-4的研究进展.中国药学杂志,2005(10):721-725.
- 4. Imani Danyal, Eslami Mohammad Masoud, Anani Sarab Gholamreza, Aliyu Mansur, Razi



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